THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No. 12, Vol. 3. NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25, 1863. Price 6d. or 12 cts.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 25.

A GOLD ESCORT.

Whether a Government Gold Escort is a necessity in this Colony or not is still an open question; but if it is believed by the Government that it is necessary, and its formation, therefore, determined on, could not the usual quantity of Victoria brummagem be dispensed with in connection with its inauguration? The last Escort failed partly because the Government, consistent with its usual fatherly forethought, chose to make it a charge upon the revenue of British Columbia rather than have it supported by those who it was then supposed would most use it—the traders of Victoria. With this idea uppermost it was ruled that gold should be carried down by the Escort at—everything considered—a much lower rate than goods could be carried up by the packers. In a less peaceful country, with provisions as high as they were in this, it would have been anything but a bad speculation to give the Escort a return cargo of beans and bacon.

But it happened, we are glad to say, that in the year the famous Escort flourished, most of the gold remained in the hands of the miners. Those manly fellows, in their own blunt way, concluded that a service as cheap as that offered them could not be very valuable, and preferred to tramp down with their treasure on their backs to entrusting it to that skeleton Escort. As a consequence the shaky thing "caved in," and no one was surprised at, few regretted, the collapse.

As the miserable results of carrying gold for nothing were too signal to have that experiment tried again it appears, as far as we can yet see, that this time the Victorians are to have only a complimentary benefit. They have been asked to exhibit their names in public as a guarantee to this Colony against loss in case the new Escort should, like its predecessor, prove a losing concern. And they, with a grand flourish of trumpets, have promised a kind of straw bail for the sum of four thousand pounds! Oh! clear and dignified statesmanship! Oh! magnificent patriotic generosity! A Governor of a British Colony calling upon the petty traders of a petty town to guarantee the credit of that Colony, and they, responding to the generous offer, to guarantee a sum something larger than the usual capital of an itinerant costermonger in good business.

Alas! how are the mighty fallen since the days when Donald Fraser's inspired pen startled the old world with descriptions of a Colony where gold could be had for the picking up, and a Governor whose transcendent talents and benign influence were not only felt in the country which had the happiness of being ruled by him, but kept the poor Yankees in Oregon and Washington from being exterminated by the Indians. This great Colony and this great Governor have fallen so low that in order to carry out one of the smallest operations mendicant appeals must be made to a few chapmen in another Colony. If it were real it would be almost as sad as it is being a mere bogus sham.

It is but a short time since the Victorians had not money enough for their immediate necessities. How is it, then, that they have so suddenly become able to offer money for public benefit? Has that notorious hook-nosed functionary been explaining how the thing was to be done, saying, "we know you havn't a copper to spare; we only want your names, just as the foundation for a dispatch, showing what public spirited fellows you are, and what an interest you take in British Columbia." Are these merchants dependent upon the old classical saw of the empty traveller; or, if men of substance, are they having full faith in the precedent of Gordon's bondsmen, giving a guarantee understanding that its fulfillment will never be demanded? We believe so; and we believe that under the same circumstances they would, with equal facility, guarantee the Colony against the effects of an earthquake or a hurricane.

These Victoria merchants rest assured on the score of any future demand upon their bond. They know that it is only one of the numerous petty tricks continually tried to show that Victoria is necessary to British Columbia. Not a day but one of these turns up; tariffs, coast routes and mail subsidies comprise but a small fraction of the aggregate. Most of these are so utterly miserable and futile that it is not worth while irritating the people of this Colony by calling attention to them. Amongst these weak inventions we class this guarantee dodge as one of the most contemptible; and we would let it pass, like its kind, unnoticed, if Governor Douglas did not by his connection with it show the foundation for the high head he has, as an individual, carried in this Colony, and, what is still more vital to us, derogated from that respect which he should maintain as the representative of our beloved Sovereign.

New Advertisements.

A RARE INVESTMENT!

A First Class Hotel,

Completely furnished, together with the

GOOD WILL

—OF THE—

BEST BUSINESS IN THE COLONY,

For Sale in the thriving Town of

LILLOOET.

Terms--Half cash, and the balance in Six Months from date of purchase.

For further particulars apply at this office, or to J. Herkimer, proprietor, on the premises.

Lillooet, Feb. 5th, 1863. fe25 tc

FIRE ARMS!

Guns, Revolvers and

FIRE ARMS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Cleaned and Repaired.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform the Public that he has commenced business as a

GUN SMITH,

on Columbia Street, opposite Mr. Holbrook's Store, where he is prepared to execute with neatness and dispatch any work in his line.

☞ Orders from the Interior will at all times receive prompt attention, and charges will be moderate.

ROBERT GAWLEY.

New Westminster, Dec. 8, 1862. d10 tc

FOR SALE,

A TOWN LOT,

eligibly situated on COLUMBIA STREET,

Apply to

W. E. CORMACK.

February 3, 1863. fe4 tc

Wm. Gillett,

LINEN & WOOLEN DRAPER!

(In the building lately occupied by the Bank of British Columbia.)

BEGS TO CALL the attention of the public generally to an inspection of his new stock of

Drapery Goods,

consisting of

FRENCH & ENGLISH SILKS,
SHAWLS AND MANTLES,
PRINTS, CALICOES, MUSLINS,
MILLINERY, HOSIERY & GLOVES,
GENTS' CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS.

N. B.—Millinery and Mantles made to order. Wedding orders executed on short notice.

FAMILY MOURNING.

NO CREDIT—CONSEQUENTLY—LOW PRICES.

New Westminster, Dec. 13th, 1862. d13

IMPORTANT TO WILLIAMS CREEK MINERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned will be prepared to furnish LUMBER of all descriptions suitable for Building, Fluming, Sluicing, Riffles, &c., on Williams Creek and Jack of Clubs Creek, on or before the fifteenth of May, 1863, without delay, as they are erecting a Water Power Mill that will turn out from ten to fifteen thousand feet of Lumber per day. We hope by giving this timely notice that we may secure the trade and greatly benefit those who may favor us with their patronage, as we will be prepared to furnish Lumber at greatly reduced prices, which all must acknowledge will be of great benefit to the business, as well as the Mining community, in a section of country where Lumber has up to the present time been sold at the enormous price of $250,00 per thousand, owing entirely to the article having to be whip-sawed and labor commanding such high prices. With the use of this Mill we hope to place all parties wanting Lumber in possession of it immediately, thereby facilitating their mining operations greatly, knowing as all do that business as well as mining has been greatly retarded, from not being able to procure Lumber when mostly needed. And we hope with the aid of our Mill, together with the Williams Creek Ditch, which will be completed in time to furnish all with water in the Hill Claims and not interfere with the Creek Claims, also, the surplus waters of Jack of Clubs Creek and Ground Hog Lake turned over the divide into Williams Creek, will enable hundreds, if not thousands, who from the scarcity of water, without the aid of the above named ditches could not profitably do so, to work their Claims; also the great and beneficial influence which must inevitably accrue to all, both Hill and Creek Claims, from the great and costly bed-rock Flume, being at present partly constructed, for the purpose of carrying off effectually the tailings that must, with the advancement of mining on the whole Creek and hills on both sides of the Creek, naturally fill up and prove a great annoyance, owing to the scarcity of water, there not being a sufficient quantity most of the season running naturally in Williams Creek to accomplish the great work; but with the assistance of the surplus waters of Jack of Clubs and Ground Hog Lake waters flowing into Williams Creek and the great bed-rock Flume to carry everything through it, will not only prove of incalculable benefit to all, but place Williams Creek beyond the rivalry of any other mining locality in the Cariboo country.

EDWARD GRIFFIN,
JOHN COE,
Proprietors of Wm. Creek Saw Mill.

ja21-3m

New Boot and Shoe Shop

MARY-STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY,

☞ Boots and Shoes made and repaired.

W. WOODMAN.

New Westminster Feb. 1861. fy 12-1m

Victoria Advertisements.

THE

Royal Insurance Company.

—FOR—

Fire & Life Insurance.

CAPITAL - - - - - Ten Million Dollars!

HEAD OFFICES,—Liverpool and London.

CHAIRMAN,

Charles Turner, Esq., M. P.

DEPUTY CHAIRMEN,

Ralph Brocklebank, Esq., & E. Johnston, Esq.

MANAGER AND ACTUARY,

PERCY M. DOVE, ESQ.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE APPOINTED the UNDERsigned their Agents for

Vancouver Island & British Columbia,

and will now accept proposals for Insurance both in the

Fire and Life Departments.

They feel confident that the known Standing and Character of this Office, the sound principles on which it is established and the magnitude of its resources, will obtain for it a fair share of public patronage.

James Dickson, Esq., M. D., has been appointed Medical Examiner to the Life Branch.

ANDERSON & CO.,
Wharf Street.

Victoria, 20th January, 1863. ja24

J. L. JUNGERMANN,

Watchmaker and Jeweller,

YATES STREET, OPPOSITE LANGLEY,

Victoria, V. I.

Patent Gold and Silver Watches,

Fully equal to Chronometer Timepieces from the Manufactory of Lange, Dresden, universally acknowledged as the best European maker. More than twenty of these Magnificent Watches are already disposed of to gentlemen in the city and country, each one giving the most entire satisfaction. WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, COMPASSES, SPECTACLES, OPERA GLASSES, &c., &c., Constantly on hand. fe14 tc

ST. GEORGE HOTEL.

VIEW STREET.

BETWEEN BROAD & DOUGLAS,

VICTORIA, V. I.

THIS ELEGANT BRICK HOTEL

WILL BE OPEN for the reception of the public, at 7 P. M., on SATURDAY EVENING, October 25th.

The Proprietor having engaged the services of a

SUPERIOR FRENCH COOK,

the Culinary department

CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

Breakfast from 7 A. M. to 12 M.
Table d'Hote at 6 P. M.
Board per Week, $12.
Suites of Rooms or Single Rooms on reasonable terms.

Victoria, V. I., oc27 1m

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner of Wharf and Johnson streets,

VICTORIA, V. I.

H. N. DICKSON & Co., - - - - London.
DICKSON, DEWOLF, & Co., - - San Francisco

m21-3m

To Civil Engineers!

FOR SALE cheap, and to be seen at Hibben & Carswell's Branch Book Store, New Westminster, a set of SURVEYOR'S INSTRUMENTS, consisting of

1 Seven inch THEODOLITE, with 2 Telescopes,
1 Y. LEVEL, 16 inch Telescope,
1 CIRCUMFERENTOR, or Compass, with a set of Drawing Instruments and Colors, &c., if desired.

New Westminster, Jan. 26, 1863. ja28

LILLOOET ROUTE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING REFITTED THE

PEMBERTON HOUSE,

FOR THE

Accommodation of Travellers,

WITH

BEDS AND LIQUORS,

AND having engaged the best Cooks on the Pacific Coast, are prepared to furnish the travelling public with all the comforts and luxuries of a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, at greatly reduced rates.

N. B.—Travellers will find it to their advantage to patronize this House, as none but the best of everything will be furnished.

P. SMITH & CO.

Pemberton, Sept. 12th, 1862. se13

Victoria Advertisements.

BANK

—OF—

British North America.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

PAID UP CAPITAL.... $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE.... ST. HELENS PLACE, LONDON.
VICTORIA BRANCH..... YATES STREET.

Establishments in the Colonies.

MONTREAL.	LONDON, C. W.,
QUEBEC,	OTTAWA,
KINGSTON,	DUNDAS,
TORONTO,	ST. JOHN, B.,
HAMILTON,	HALIFAX, N. S.,
BRANTFORD,	VICTORIA, V. I.

Agents and Corrspondents.

NEW YORK, R. C. FERGUSON, J. H. GRAIN, AND J. SMITH.
SAN FRANCISCO,..... B. DAVIDSON & MAY.
AUSTRALIA,..... UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

Bills of Exchange and Gold Purchased.

DRAFTS ISSUED ON

LONDON, New York, San Francisco, Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and on all the branches of the NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, and the PROVINCIAL BANK OF IRELAND.

Credits granted on this office by the

UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

—AT—

MELBOURNE,	ADELAIDE,
HOBART TOWN,	LAUNCESTON,
SYDNEY,	DUNEDIN, N. Z.

The Bank receives MONEY and GOLD DUST on DEPOSIT returnable on demand, undertakes the Purchase and and Sale of Stock, the Collection of Bills, and other money business, in the United States and British Provinces.

J. G. SHEPHERD,
Manager.

Victoria, V. I. oc18 1m

W. M. SEARBY & J. MOORE,

IMPORTERS OF

Drugs and Chemicals,

PATENT MEDICINES,
PAINTS AND OILS,
WINDOW GLASS, &c.,

GOVERNMENT STREET,

VICTORIA, V. I. d8

EX "N. S. PERKINS,"

COMPRESSED

Meats and Vegetables,

Packed in 10-lb. Tins of cases of 100 lbs. each,

Expressly for British Columbia Trade.

For sale in quantities to suit, by

EDGAR & AIME,
Wharf street, front of Yates.

ap24 6m

W. CULVERWELL,

General Agency for the Collection of Rents and Debts,

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,

Money Loaned on Good Security,

ADVANCES MADE ON LIVE STOCK,

Book-keeping, Documents Copied, &c.

In cases requiring a Power of Attorney, security will be furnished. Office—up stairs, corner Yates and Langley streets, Victoria. my24 3m

ROYAL MAIL

STEAM PACKET

COMPANY'S AGENCY,

For British Columbia and Vancouver Island.

OFFICE—MACDONALD & CO., BANKERS,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

THE ATTENTION OF SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS is particularly directed to the superior facilities the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's Line affords for the speedy conveyance of Treasure, Goods and Passengers to and from England to British Columbia and Vancouver Island, in connection with the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S VESSELS AND THE PANAMA RAILROAD.

The superiority of the accommodation and entertainment on board the Royal Mail Steamers, together with the time occupied on the passage between England and Aspinwall DIRECT being so much shorter than by any other route, and the moderate rate of passage money, render this Company's steamers the CHEAPEST AND MOST EXPEDITIOUS MEANS OF TRANSIT, for passengers or for the forwarding of Goods and Treasure from Aspinwall to Europe.

Under an arrangement with the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Specie and Bullion can be conveyed to London and Havre in France.

Further information on the subject of Freight, Passage Money, &c., will be furnished by the undersigned

ALEX. D. MACDONALD,
Agent.

jy12

Victoria Advertisements.

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

—000—

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

CAPITAL,..... $1,250,000.

IN 12,500 SHARES, OF $100 EACH,

WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

—000—

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars, and every facility granted to Traders and others for the transaction of business.

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS issued for money lodged for fixed periods, bearing the following rates of Interest:

On money lodged for 15 days certain, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum.
On money lodged for 1 month certain, at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
On money lodged for 3 months certain, at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.
On money lodged for 6 months certain, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
On money lodged for 12 months certain, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

No partial payment made on these receipts. Interest payable half yearly, and the Principal not due until the expiry of the period for which the money is lodged.

DISCOUNTS AND ADVANCES.—Approved Bills discounted, and Advances made on Bills of Lading, (accompanied by Policies of Insurance,) for goods shipped to or from the Colonies.

DRAFTS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on Great Britain and the Colonies, also on New York and San Francisco, and Bills on these places purchased or sent for collection.

CREDITS issued on Great Britain, San Francisco, and New York, authorizing payment for Goods shipped from these ports to the Colonies; all such shipments to be Insured and Hypothecated to the Bank.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES received for safe custody, and 1 per cent. Commission charged on withdrawing the same. Interest and Dividends collected on account of constituents at the rate of one-half per cent, on the amount collected, if payable in Victoria.

GOLD DUST AND BARS purchased, or anvances made on the same.

JAMES D. WALKER, Manager.

New Westminster, September 25, 1862. se27

STATIONERY

Counting House, Official, Printers

AND FOR GENERAL USES,

Of every conceivable style and quality, STAPLE and FANCY.

Wrapping Papers,

Of various sizes, weights, textures, and colors;

Drawing, Lithographic, Cartridge, Blotting, Tissue, Copying, and Tracing Papers and Cloths;

Sheet and Manuscript

MUSIC,

Sacred, Sentimental and Comic, bound and unbound,

COAST CHARTS, CARIBOO MAPS,

Mathimatical Instruments, Gold Pens

—AND—

Pocket Cutlery.

BOOKS,

SCHOOL, STANDARD, MISCELLANEOUS, AND ORNAMENTAL.

New Publications

Received as issued by first conveyance.

HIBBEN & CARSWELL,

STATIONER'S HALL.

LANGLEY BRO'S.,

Importing Druggists,

YATES STREET,

VICTORIA, V. I.,

are constantly receiving

Drugs and Chemicals,
Patent Medicines,
Surgical Instruments,
Paints and Oils,
Window Glass, &c., &c., &c.

—ALSO—

Just received a large assortment of reliable Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds, which they offer at moderate prices. mar1-tc

G. VIGNOLO & CO.,

No. 2, Reid's Block, Wharf Street,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

—ALSO—

Importers and Agents for the best brands of French Wines and Liquors, and receive direct shipments of Havana Cigars by every steamer. jy12

SELIM FRANKLIN & CO.,

Auctioneers and Land Agents,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

Town Lots for Sale in New Westminster and Victoria. mar28

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

This journal is published every Wednesday and Saturday, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster. Single copy, price 6d., or 12½ cents. Terms per quarter, 10s., or $2.50; half-yearly, 18s., or 4.50, and yearly £1 10s., or $7.50. Subscriptions must be paid in advance.

☞ Copies of this paper can be had at the Book Store of Mr. S. T. Tilley, Columbia-street.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient Advertisements, 2 inches and under, $2 first insertion, and one dollar each subsequent insertion. Over two inches, $1 per inch for first insertion, and half a dollar for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers.

Advertisements in order to ensure insertion, should be sent in before noon of the day before publication.

All Advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid each month in advance.

All Advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 25.

BRITISH NORTH AMERICA—HER GREAT OPPORTUNITY.

RESOURCES OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The district north of that part of the valley of the Fraser which lies below Hope presents to the traveller, either *via* Harrison Lake or Fraser River, some extremely beautiful lake, river and mountain scenery. The scenery about Hope and Yale has always been greatly admired; and it is very fine all through the chain of lakes lying between Harrison River and Lillooet. Particularly worthy of notice are some scenes on the Harrison, with its snow-capped mountains, islands and green waters. On the road from Douglas to the Little Lake are some exquisite pictures. One in particular, where, from a point on the road, at a great height, the traveller looks down on the foaming Lillooet river, which, from its peculiar green color among the dark rocks, has not unaptly been compared to a stream of liquid malachite. The strange, pale, opaque green color of the waters of the Great and Little Lillooet Lakes, adds a novel feature to the wild beauty of their scenery. It is quite likely that this will in future be the "Lake Country" of British Columbia. It has beauties certainly which are all its own. Yet all this district, commencing at the Harrison River and at Hope and extending to the Pavilion Mountain and the mouth of the Thompson River, is everywhere very broken and mountainous. Many valuable nooks and corners will doubtless be found suitable for settlement; but in the main this district must be described as waste.

Beyond this sterile tract, however, stretches a broad, level table-land to about the line of Beaver Lake, extending from the Fraser and Thompson Rivers, covering perhaps eight or ten millions of acres, to a great extent prairie, and as level, in the main, as the rolling prairies of Illinois, and covered with excellent natural pasturage, while in the little valleys which the streams have worn through this table-land, down to the Fraser on one side, or the Bonaparte or Thompson on the other, a sufficient protection is afforded to the grass to enable cattle and horses to find feed enough to keep them through all ordinary winters, without the necessity on the part of the farmer of providing provender. Last year was an exceptional one; yet even last year some pack-trains did not lose an animal. Of no other part of British North America can such a statement be made; and the fact speaks volumes for the climate and pastoral superiority of the country.

The district now under consideration is supposed by some to have a drawback to its value as a pastoral country in the mineral waters and patches of efflorescence which we described in our last paper. It is said that if cattle or horses eat of this efflorescence or drink some of these waters they are injured by them. This is not, we are assured, always so, but may be so sometimes. The reason animals eat it is, without a doubt, for lack of salt, as many of these waters and earths have a saltish taste. There is no difficulty about finding pure water everywhere, and of course stock raisers would be provided with salt, and then need have no fear of these mineral waters, or mineral crusts. That they are harmless is proved by the fact that thousands of animals are constantly passing through this "alkali country;" in fact almost every pound of food that has reached Cariboo has been carried over it; yet these pack trains find all their feed and water on the way. Occasionally it is said an animal is sick because of eating "alkali," but it is just as likely to be so from some other cause.

It must not be understood that these alkaline substances show themselves everywhere. When the efflorescence does appear on the soil it is usually in scattered patches of a few feet or a few yards in diameter, and only on such patches does it at all interfere with vegetation. In some parts one may travel miles without seeing any. It is not at all unlikely that the future farmers of this region will find these mineral waters and earths valuable adjuncts to their farms; and that stills, and evaporating kilns and pans, will be as common as the appliances used for making maple sugar and potashes by the farmers of Canada. We have heard many parts of this district mentioned as possessing indescribable beauty. At many points the beholder looks for miles over gently rolling prairies, covered with that most nutritious of grasses, tame or wild, the bunch grass. These prairies are not so naked as the prairies of Illinois, being everywhere covered with groves or scattered trees. They possess, moreover, one great beauty and one great advantage which is unusual in timbered countries, and which makes these plains resemble what we hear of the charming finish of English parks; the grass usually grows among and under the trees, without the obstruction of underbrush, except in sloughs or swampy places. One slight drawback to its beauty will be found, by those who love the bright green of clover or timothy, in the pale or faded appearance of these plains, even in June. The new shoots of the bunch grass are of a bright green, but the last year's stalks, though dead, still remain, and, being faded, tone down the color. It is probably owing to the union of the young and old grass, which must be eaten together, that it is so valuable as provender. It is the constant testimony of drovers and packers that the bunch grass is more strengthening and fattening than *any other grass known*. And this will readily be believed when it is known that it is the only dependence of the pack trains during the whole packing season; and that the thousands of animals which are engaged in packing to Cariboo pass over two trails only, and yet rarely find it necessary to leave the trail to find either feed or water.

We intend that the information which these papers contain shall be reliable as far as we have been able to gather; therefore, we shall here set down one fact which is against the district now under consideration. During the month of June, 1862, there were two or three night frosts in which ice was formed, in one instance to the thickness of a shilling. Whether this was exceptional and a relic of the exceedingly cold winter which had just passed we cannot yet determine. Such frosts in June, however, are not peculiar to this district; they are known in New York, Canada and Illinois. We are however of the opinion that indian corn will not flourish in this upland, but wheat, rye, barley, oats, grasses, and all the roots, will surely succeed and flourish well. These frosts we have mentioned did not materially injure the potatoes and other garden crops which were growing at all the road-side houses, from Pavilion mountain to the Forks of Quesnelle. While alluding to vegetables we may add that it is the universal testimony that notwithstanding the rude gardening of a new country, no better flavored or finer vegetables can be found than are grown in our upper, or rather central, country. No sensible man can desire a finer country than this district for summer pasture; and we have no doubt from all we hear but that thousands of most desirable spots may at this time be selected where natural hay may be cut to provide against a severe winter. Any industrious man who can start with 20, 50, or 100 head of cattle, taking up 160 acres by pre-emption of choice land, and feeding his cattle on the unoccupied lands about him, has a better chance, we *verily* believe, of becoming a wealthy stock owner in five or ten years than at present he can have with five times, perhaps ten times, the capital in Canada, Illinois, or even in most parts of Australia.

We have already spoken of the great beauty of much of the scenery of this district. We hear many of the lakes with which it abounds very much admired. Lochlemond is especially spoken of as being studded with islands, and vieing with its celebrated namesake in beauty; as we trust it will yet in fame. Big Bar Lake, Williams Lake, and many others, will yet become celebrated for the beauty of their scenery, and the abundance, excellence and size of their trout.

New Advertisements.

PHOTOGRAPHY!

C. FULTON, ARTIST,

Has arrived and taken Rooms at the COLUMBIA HOTEL, where he will remain for a short time.

New Westminster, 24th March, 1863. ma25

NEW MAPS.

JUST PUBLISHED and FOR SALE at Clarkson & Co's Book Store, Maps of NORTH BENTINCK ARM, and the GOLD REGIONS of BRITISH COLUMBIA; by Lieut. H. S. Palmer, R. E.

New Westminster, March 24th, 1863. ma25 tc

AUCTION SALE!

At New Westminster, B. C.

MR. GEO. HOOPER is instructed to sell, on Wednesday, the 1st of April, at 11 o'clock, a. m., by PUBLIC AUCTION, the residue of the Lease with all the Furniture and Stage Scenery, also the Bar and Fixtures with small stock on hand, of the well-known COLUMBIA THEATRE, formerly the famed ELDORADO SALOON. A small capitalist will find this a most desirable opportunity as it must be sold without reserve.

New Westminster, March 24th, 1863. ma25

GOVERNMENT BAKERY

—AND—

FAMILY GROCERY.

P. HICK

Begs leave to thank the citizens of New Westminster for their liberal patronage, and respectfully intimates that he is now selling off his entire stock of Groceries, &c., at VICTORIA PRICES, as he intends closing business about the 15th April next.

All persons indebted to the undersigned are requested to settle immediately; likewise persons holding claims against him will please present the same for payment.

P. HICK.

New Westminster, March 24th, 1863. ma25

TO LEASE—Lots suitable for business purposes.

J. A. R. HOMER

New Advertisements.

BALMORAL SEED STORE

—AND—

Nursery Depot,

FORT STREET.

MY STOCK OF SEEDS, TREES, PLANTS, &c., being now very complete, Farmers and Merchants are invited to call and examine for themselves. Country and British Columbia Merchants supplied at the lowest wholesale rates.

ma25 1m J. BEGG.

WINTER LECTURES.

—ON—

Science and Literature

THE COMMITTEE have great pleasure in announcing that the Sixth Lecture of the Course will be delivered in the HYACK HALL on THURSDAY (tomorrow) next, by

LIEUTENANT PALMER, R. E.,

who has kindly consented to deliver a lecture on

BENTINCK ARM AND CARIBOO

Doors open at 7, P. M., ... Chair to be taken at 7½.

Tickets of Admission to the Course, price $1, to be obtained of the members of the Committee, or at Hibben & Carswell's branch Book Store.

Admission to a single lecture - - - - - - - - 25 cents.

The Proceeds, after paying the necessary expenses, to be handed to the Royal Columbian Hospital.

W. E. CORMAC,
J. SHEEPSHANKS, M. A.,
JOHN COOPER.

ma25

CLARKSON & CO.,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER,

ARE IMPORTING direct from England and Eastern Markets, and forwarded by their House in Victoria,

English and American Novels,

Bound Books, comprising all the Standard Works,

POETRY AND FICTION,

a fine assortment of

Family and Small Pocket Bibles,

Wesleyan Hymn and Presbyterian Psalm Books,

Catholic and Church of England Prayer and Hymn Books.

STATIONERY.

Blank Cards of every description and color, Foolscap, Folio Post, Letter and Note Paper of every size and quality, all sizes and colors of Envelopes to suit the various descriptions of paper.

Memorandum and Blank Books,

Consisting of Metallic Note-Books, Pass and Cargo Books, Tune Books, Tuck Memorandums, of all kinds and sizes, Ledgers, Journals, Cash and Day Books, full and half bound, Red, Blue, Black, and Indelible Inks, in botttles of all sizes, Steel and Quill Pens, Sealingwax, of all colors, Seals, Red Tapes, and

Every other Article in the Stationery Line.

Musical Instruments,

(DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO.)

Guitars, Banjos, Violins, Accordeons, Flutinas, Clarionets, Flutes, etc., etc.

Newspapers and Periodicals.

The latest Newspapers of the day received from all parts of the world, if required. All British and American Reviews, Magazines, Periodicals, and New Novels, by the best Authors, received by every steamer.

Maps, Plans, &c.

Plans of all the Cities and Towns on the Fraser River, Maps of Cariboo and the whole country West of the Rocky Mountains.

All of the above will be sold at Victoria prices, with the duties added.

Orders from the Upper Country punctually attended to.

Orders for articles not in Stock, can be obtained with the utmost dispatch.

New Westminster, March 19, 1863. ma21

EXPRESS.

DIETZ & NELSON'S

British Columbia & Victoria Express,

CONNECTING AT VICTORIA WITH

Wells Fargo & Co.,

FOR

CALIFORNIA, OREGON, ATLANTIC STATES & EUROPE;

AND AT YALE AND LILLOOET WITH

BARNARD'S CARIBOO EXPRESS,

FOR

Cariboo and the Northern Mines,

CONVEYING Treasure, Valuables, Letters, Packages and Parcels;

PURCHASING of Drafts and Bills of Exchange from Wells Fargo & Co., and other Banking Houses;

COLLECTING Drafts, Notes of Hand, Debts, &c.;

EXECUTING Commissions, Orders, Enquiries;

FORWARDING of Merchandise, Packages, Parcels, &c;

ATTENDING to the Registration of Mortgages, Deeds, and other Documents, the Assaying of Gold Dust, Silver and other Ores;

PARTICULAR attention given to the purchasing of Goods at New Westminster, B. C., and Victoria, V. I., on the most favorable terms, and shipping to destination;

LANDING WARRANTS Prepared and Goods passed through the Custom House without delay.

New Westminster, March 13th, 1863. ma14 tc

New Advertisements.

CARIBOO

EVERY PERSON SHOULD KNOW

THAT THE

Shortest, Best and Cheapest

ROUTE

TO THE

CARIBOO MINES

IS VIA THE

YALE AND LYTTON

WAGON ROAD.

The chained distances on the Yale and Lytton Road are as follows:

From Yale to Boston Bar,	28	Miles,
" Boston Bar to Lytton,	32½	"
" Lytton to McLean's,	47½	"
" McLean's to Junction of Wagon Roads,	19	"
Distance from Yale to Junction,	124	"

COMPARE THE ABOVE

with the following distances set down by Lillooet Shippers:

From Douglas to Lillooet,	110	Miles
" Lillooet to Junction,	47	"
Dist. from Douglas to Junction,	157	"

THE JUNCTION

is the point at which the Wagon Roads intersect each other, and where the Cariboo-bound traveller by the Yale-Lytton and Douglas-Lillooet routes MUST meet. It will, therefore, be seen by the above figures that the traveller by YALE and LYTTON has

THIRTY-THREE MILES LESS TRAVEL

than if he went by the Douglas-Lillooet route.

☞ Remember that on this Route there are NO PORTAGES where Goods or Animals may be detained.

Messrs. DUHIG, LANE, BLACK, and others Carriers of Merchandise, advertise to

Carry Freight from Yale to Lytton

$20 per Ton Less

than is or will be charged on the Douglas-Lillooet route.

The New and Splendid Steamer

RELIANCE

CONNECTS WITH THE VICTORIA STEAMER

ENTERPRISE,

and conveys her Freight and Passengers to Yale at greatly reduced rates.

SHIPPERS

desirous of getting Freight through to Cariboo this season are advised to

Shun the Douglas-Lillooet Route!!

☞ and are referred to the testimony adduced in the CRANFORD CASE, wherein witnesses have stated upon oath that 15, 20, or even 30 days is a REASONABLE TIME to convey Freight from Douglas to Lillooet.

Five Days Only are required to Carry Goods from Yale to Lytton, and

SHIPPERS ARE ASSURED

that if Freight is carried from Douglas to Lillooet for Two Cents per lb.,

Carriers are prepared to Carry

FREIGHT FROM YALE TO LYTTON

WITH SAFETY AND DESPARCH, FOR

One Cent Per Pound!!!

All those who allow themselves to be crammed by Douglasites this year need expect no sympathy from the public if they get broke trying to get goods through that route.

☞ Remember the Cranford affair; and steer clear of extortion and delays.

☞ Travel the Yale and Lytton Wagon Road to the Cariboo Mines.

☞ NEW and COMMODIOUS HOTELS have been erected at convenient distances along the entire length of the route, where FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS for both man and beast are bestowed AT MODERATE RATES.

☞ FOR CHEAPNESS, DESPATCH, EASE and SECURITY choose the YALE and LYTTON ROUTE in preference to all others in British Columbia. ma7 1m

New Advertisements.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION!

MR. ALFRED COBBY begs respectfully to announce to the inhabitants of New Westminster that he is now prepared to give lessons on the Piano, in Singing, Harmony, &c.

The temporary use of the Hyack Hall having been kindly offered to him, he will be happy to receive applications there from the hours of 10 to 12 a. m. Terms moderate. Mr. Cobby would be glad to form a music class for children, the terms for which would be proportionately reduced.

March 12th, 1863. ma14 1m *

ANDERSON & CO.

WHARF STREET,

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND,

HAVE NOW IN STOCK, AND ARE CONSTANTLY Receiving (being the sole Agents in these Colonies for many of them) the following:—

PORTER—Byass', well known and likes botteling, Friend's, do. do. Hibbert's, do. do. Tennent's XX Scotch;

ALE—Byass', Allsopp's, Hibbert's, Tennent's, and Bass', in quarts and pints, glass and stone bottles;

BRANDY—Hennessy's Pale, in ¼ cks. and hhds., Martell's do. and Dark, in ¼ cks. Tribot Fil's do. do. Hemery's Champagne Cognac in case, Mounier's do. do., Tribot Til & Co.'s do. do.;

WHISKEY—Crawford's Royal Highland in ¼ cks. Stewart's, Sancel, Paisley, in cases and ¼ casks;

GIN—Orme's Old Tom in hhds.

SHERRY—Many different qualities in case & cask;

PORT— do. do.;

CLARET—Chateau la Rose do.;

BRITISH WINES—Raspberry, Currant, Ginger &c.;

PRESERVED MEATS—Best English in 1 lb. and 2 lb. tins for Up-Country;

SUGAR—English Loaf, Cassipore No. 1;

CHEESE—Best North Wiltshire, in fine order;

CONFECTIONERY—Wetherspoon's celebrated Scotch;

BISCUITS—In 1 lb. and 2 lb tins for family use;

SOAP—English yellow, in 18 lb. and 112 lb. boxes;

BLUE—Finger, in small boxes;

OATMEAL—Best fresh Scotch, in 112 lb. kegs;

ROPE—Europe, all sizes 2 to 5 inches;

POWDER—Sporting, in lb. and ½ lbs.

CANVAS—Hemp of Superior quality, all numbers;

OILMEN'S STORES—Pastes, Chutnee, Pickles &c.;

MATCHES—In wooden boxes;

SLATES—Duchesses;

GALVANIZED IRON—For roofing & other purposes;

JACKETS—Strong, Government pattern. ja31 1y

CITY BAKERY

—AND—

COFFEE SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to his new and commodious establishment on the

Corner of Columbia and Hall Streets,

where he hopes to receive from a generous and discriminating public an extended patronage, commensurate with his increased facilities for accommodating them.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Pies and Cakes,

supplied at all hours, and at reduced rates.

☞ Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to.

JOSEPH SOREL.

New Westminster, March 3, 1863. ma4

Furniture!

BY LATE ARRIVALS, the undersigned have received additions to their hitherto well-assorted stock of Furniture, and now offer

Painted Sets—10 pieces;
Extension Tables—8 and 10 feet long;
Centre Tables—serpentine, and round tops, assorted sizes;
Card Tables—harp and square pillars;
Common Tables—2½, 3 and 3½ long;
Bedsteads—Mahogany, French, Cottage, double and single;
Lounges—spring seats, in damask and leather covers;
Sofas—spring seats, hair cloth with round and pillow ends;
Desks—with full and door fronts;
Chiffoniers—walnut and mahogany, carved front, shelves, and fret work;
Bureaus—one-half marble top, scroll, and painted pine, four and six drawers;
What-nots—walnut and mahogany, 5 and 6 shelves;
Mirrors—in gilt and mahogany frames, assorted sizes, for parlors, chambers, and saloons;
Children's Cribs and Cradles—Also high and low chairs, assorted sizes;
Chairs—mahogany, haircloth, spring seats, cane and wood seat, office, oak, dining, Grecian cane, heavy bar-room, and common wood seat;
Rockers—spring seats, mahogany and cane seats and backs, sewing and arm;
Sinks—washstands, chair cushions, coverlets, towel racks, willow cribs, &c.

—ALSO—

BEDDING.

Pulu, curled hair, moss, wool, and straw mattresses, best feather pillows, all sizes; in the manufacture of which we use only the best materials, and guarantee all our work. PIERCE & SEYMOUR.

Broad-street, between Yates and View streets.

fe4-tc Victoria V. I.

J. L. GUMBINNER,

Importer, Commission Merchant,

AND DEALER IN

Flour, Groceries, Provisions and Feed,

Wharf Street, foot of Yates Street,

ma4 VICTORIA, V. I. 1m

G. TRANFIELD,

DEALER IN

FISH AND GAME

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Orders from up-river towns invited and carefully attended to.

A good article guaranteed and charges very moderate.

Water Street, New Westminster, March 13th, 1863. ma14 tc

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 25.

REPORT OF A JOURNEY OF SURVEY FROM VICTORIA TO FORT ALEXANDER, *via* NORTH BENTINCK ARM; BY LIEUTENANT H. SPENCER PALMER, ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Continued.

At Puntzee, signifying in Carrier language "Small Lake," thirty-nine miles from the Summit Lake, my Indians left me, and I was detained six days in efforts to procure other means of transport for the remainder of the journey. From an elevated point in its neighbourhood a fine view was obtained of the surrounding country. Looking back to the west and cloudy outlines of the Cascade range, distant from 60 to 100 miles, and bounding half the circle of the horizon, presented an almost unbroken front, a solitary gap in the southeast disclosing the probable entrance to the valley of the Homathco River flowing to Bute Inlet. In the northeast and east the view was limited by the high mountainous districts of the Quesnel and Swift rivers, and the terraced ranges bordering the valley of the Fraser, the intervening districts on all sides being occupied by a great, waving forest plateau, embracing high, dry ridges, swamps, lakes, valleys and prairies, such as have formed the subject of the foregoing descriptions.

As regards routes from the coast, the impression conveyed by this glimpse at a very large tract of country is that, on emerging from the Cascade range, the principal difficulties of travel are passed, and that, thence, there is no impracticability in making a road across the plateau to strike the Fraser valley at almost any point south of the fifty-third parallel. The determination of the best line through so extensive a district would necessarily be a labor involving weeks or even months of exploration, the main object of course being to avoid as far as possible the lakes and swamps, and, guided by the relative geographical positions of the termini, to lay out as straight a road as the natural features of the country admit of.

At Puntzee the Indian trail from Bute Inlet, said by the natives to be distant five good days' travel (probably 125 miles), joins that from North Bentinck Arm.

Fortunately we were here within reach of the favourite fishing and hunting grounds of the Indians, and, as Sapper Breakenridge, R. E., who travelled 37 miles to their encampment at the site of old Fort Chilcotin, was successful in procuring horses and a guide, we resumed our journey towards Alexander on the nineth of August. Eleven miles travelling brought us to the ford of the Chilcotin River, 10 miles below the lake of that name, the valley preserving at this part a general south-southeasterly direction. The stream here is about fifty yards wide, clear, shallow and, in places, swift. In wading it the water reached our middles, and it is therefore a question whether the ford would be practicable for laden animals at the highest stages of the river.

Leaving the Chilcotin and mounting a steep, grassy hill, about 300 feet high, which forms the eastern slope of the valley, we again attained the general level of the plateau and entered on the SIXTH and last section of the journey, extending to Fort Alexander, a distance of about eighty-seven miles.

To describe this in detail would be merely to recapitulate what has been said of the fourth section. The general features of each are almost identical in character, though perhaps in this section the country is more timbered, the swamps more numerous and extensive, and the route, if possible, a shade more dreary and monotonous than hitherto. Frequent immense tracts of burnt forest were passed, some of which had been completely devastated by the fires, leaving the trail much encumbered with fallen timber and plantations of young green firs of small size, and it was noticed that, over some large districts, nearly the whole of the standing timber was perfectly rotten, and would therefore be useless for any future requirements of road-making.

It was a relief to emerge from this bleak succession of forest and swamp, and, twenty miles from Alexander, to welcome once more the sight of a brawling stream, the *Sananorringlee, skirted by forests of large timber and terraced hills of bunch grass. Twelve miles down its valley, noticing at each stage of our progress indications of a gradually decreasing altitude, after which a walk of eight miles over the basaltic range bordering the valley of the Fraser led us to Fort Alexander.

We reached the Fort on the evening of the 13th of August with one meal left. The trip from the Slide had thus occupied 17½ days, but 6 of these were spent at Puntzee waiting for horses, leaving 11½ days as the actual travelling time.

A reference to the figures of the report itself, or of the table at the end, shews the estimated distance from the Slide to Alexander to be 213 miles, but it must be remembered that the estimate applies simply to the present Indian trail and has no reference whatever to air-lines or possible improvements. Undoubtedly modifications not only of minor details but frequently of large portions of the present line, would be desirable and necessary in the event of a trail or road being established, and it is reasonable to infer that an improved route from Cokelin to Alexander would not exceed 180 miles in length.

Attempts were made in Cariboo to disguise the real distance by the present trail, and to throw discredit on my statements, but I may state that astronomical observations admit of no comment, and that the foregoing figures are the result of careful estimates based on almost daily astronomical data.

Fort Alexander, a half ruined cluster of log dwellings roofed with mud, stands on the right bank of the Fraser, on a bench about fifty feet above the river and 1470 feet above the level of the sea. The river in the neighbourhood is, at its half stage, from 250 to 300 yards in width, and the velocity of its current 5½ statute miles an hour, the extreme depth of the channel is 20 feet at low water, and the rise at the freshets from 18 to 20 feet. At 11 a.m. on the 16th of August, the temperature of the air in the shade being 70°5 Fahrenheit, that of the Fraser water was 58° Fahrenheit, and at 10 a.m. on the 29th of September, the temperatures of air and water were repectively 58° and 46° Fahrenheit.

The valley of the Fraser, running south-southeast for a considerable distance below the Fort and varying from two to three miles in width, is enclosed by basaltic ranges of hills about 1000 feet in height, timbered with yellow pines and dotted with small prairies. The level intervals of the valley are usually occupied by terraced, grassy benches of various heights, but the pasturage at Alexander cannot be pronounced good. It is also to be regretted that, just at this part, the soil affords but meagre qualities of productiveness, for, though tracts of well-irrigated, rich land are met with further up the valley, the benches round the Fort are strangely sterile and parched.

August is the hottest, January the coldest month of the year at Alexander. In the former the thermometer in the shade averages 70° Fahrenheit, and countless grasshoppers and other insects swarm in the valley. In the latter the river is closed with ice, and quicksilver freezes frequently. Snow falls to a depth of about eighteen inches, usually appearing at the end of November and lying on the ground four months, but the duration of winter is extremely variable. There is no regular wet season, though June is usually the rainiest, August, September and October the driest months of the year, and, as the night frosts prevail far into the summer, the crops are invariably late.

*The main branch of the river Narcoslee, which empties itself into the Fraser about twenty miles above Fort Alexander.

THE WAR.

We have war news to the 16th inst., much less interesting, however, than voluminous. Beyond a few loose rumors there is positively nothing worth chronicling. Gold was at 154.

European dates are to the 28th Feby. and possess a little more interest. The Russians had suffered another severe defeat near Mallingasset. The town was left in ruins. There were rumors in Paris of an alliance between Britain, France and Austria to obtain a solution of the Polish question. In the British House of Lords, Russel denounced the course of Russia. Palmerston also strongly denounced the shipment of negro soldiers, by France, from Egypt, to Mexico, and called on France to repair the wrong.

Much excitment was caused in San Francisco by the seizure, on the 14th inst., of a vessel fitted out as a privateer. The whole matter was undergoing an investigation.

NEWS FROM CARIBOO.

Mr. Dwight Smith, who has been working all winter in the Barker claim, left Richfield on the 5th inst., and arrived here *via* the Lillooet route on the 22nd inst. There is nothing of an exciting character, and little news of any kind. The weather continued very pleasant with snow 3½ feet deep. The work was being steadily carried on in all the winter claims and yields continued good, but not quite so large as previously reported. The Canadian claim was paying the best. Flour was selling at $1, bacon $1, and beans 90c. with an upward tendency. The provisions are chiefly held by two traders, Beedy and Davis, who evinced a disposition to hold up for higher prices, and it is anticipated that flour will shortly reach from $1.25 to $1.50, and other articles in proportion. The stock is not so large as was generally supposed, and if people continue to go in now or before goods can be packed in, the result will be possibly more distressing than last year. There were new arrivals on Williams Creek to the number of 50 or 60, and there were probably over 100 on the way in, which, together, would be more than can obtain employment at present. Beedy and Davison were both engaged in transporting goods from Quesnelle to Keithley's Creek, but it was doubtful when they would be able to take them to Richfield. The roof of Charley Fenton's Hotel at Richfield had fallen in from the weight of snow upon it. Damage trifling. The travelling is excellent all the way down.

NEWS FROM OUR DELEGATE.—Our advices from the Hon. Malcolm Cameron are to the 30th January, and possess more than ordinary interest. He had an interview with the Duke the result of which was most satisfactory, and promised well for our cause. It was decided that we should have a separate Government with a resident Governor, and the rights of self-government in a more or less liberal form. But who is likely to be our Governor doth not yet appear.

MAIL MATTERS.—Much complaint is made about the non-arrival of our English newspapers by the Enterprise on Monday. Such an occurrence is by no means unusual, but, on the contrary, has been so frequent of late that people do not seem to be disposed to submit much longer to such treatment. The general impression would seem to be that these delays occur at Victoria; and we think the Postmaster-General ought to enquire into the matter.

THE LECTURE.—By all means go to the Lecture to-morrow evening. It will be sure to prove highly interesting. See advertisement.

LETTER FROM PHIL. O'JUNIUS TO HIS GODSON PHILO JUNIUS.

MY DEAR NEPHEW AND HEIR:

Arrah what do you mane? Are you going to sink the royal O' out of sight intirely which for the past three thousand years has been the pride and glory of the family—the last and only shred left to witness to the world the greatness of the blood which flows in our veins?

It is only too thrue that that is the only remnant of the family inheritance which with my frieze coat, my leather breeches and my debts, I shall be able to will to you—but at laste I am, like all my fathers before me, proud of the name, and more proud of the O' than of any title of nobility in the gift of Emperor or Czar. I demand of you then Phil. O'Junius, Junior, what do you mane by sinking the big O' into a little o' as I see you have done. Beware ye spalpeen, or I'll cut ye off without it, and give you the other side of a blessing in the bargain. I don't mind a haporth the bit of a scrape you got into at Panama, nor the beautiful illustration of ould counthry characther with which ye made your voyage to this country so harmonious and agreeable to your fellow passengers, nor do I mind the bits o' debts you owe; they're a time-honored family trait—but to dhrop the great O' into a little o' and almost hide it out of sight, in the way you're doing, *as if you were ashamed of it*, is a sin and a crime. I'll niver forgive you for the longest day I live; do you mind.

Now my dear Phil, for I will not call you Philo, resume the great O'. Rather let me believe it was a typical mistake of that hathen of a printher, and take my advice, if he does it again, by the blood of an Irish gintleman call him out.

But let me tell you Phil, if those letters of yours which I saw the other day in the *Chronicle* are the best you can do in that line, then by the sowl of St. Pathrick you can dhrop the great O' at once't. I'm ashamed of you, Phil. What windy fit possessed you to keep railing at the Editor of the *British Columbian* for quoting the noble language of the noblest man belonging to our name and race? Have you forgotten the first lessons of your Irish boy-hoood—the lessons of Grattan, Curran, Emmett and O'Connell—to *glory* in the cry against oppression and misrule, of which our great ancestor—shude as he was—was the most noble apostle? Have you forgotten that the second lesson was on all occasions to shout and echo his sentences till the wor-rld should ring with his *and the family* fame? Arrah, what then are ye dhriving at? What are ye belaboring the Editor for when he quotes him? Faith ye said so much about his twisting and garbling, distorting and mangling, that I was fain to rub up my ould green goggles and take down the time-honored ould volume; for though I had it all by heart, and knew there wasn't a single word—not as much as a jot or tittle—added thereunto or taken therefrom, I thought I must look again, and I did; and what conclusion do you think I came to? Jist this then; that I was ashamed of my own kith and kin, my godson and my heir! Oh! day of degeneration! Och hone, wirastrew! Ashamed of the last scion and hope of my name and of my blood. Oh, Phil O', or rather let me in sorrow and indignation sink the noble O', it saves a part of the pang, and exclaim Oh Philo how art thou fallen? How art thou become a tondy and lick-spittle? Yes, let me sink not the O' only but the I also, and cry aloud Oh Phi! Oh Phi! Oh fie!

In both your letters, and the only thing you've said in both—although 'tis true ye've filled a column and a half with windy rant—is this charge you bring against the Editor, that he garbled, distorted, twisted and mangled the quotation from Junius. Now Phil O'—I address you *so* from forgetfulness, God forgive me, you don't desarve it—what a fool ye are to say that, when every man who ever read Junius knows ye're saying what is false. He has extracted some sentences out of two paragraphs, and given them *as* two paragraphs—but that he has neither garbled, distorted, twisted nor mangled a single word, syllable or letter, much less the spirit of our noble ancestor—shure when you expose yourself like that at the start no one will believe another word you write.

What have ye done with all the grammar that the ould schoolmaster,—Father Malony, God rest his sowl—was a half a dozen years or more thrashing into yon? Have you let it all out again or did he ever bate it into you? Och! Phil you spalpeen! I'm ashamed of you agin. What in the name of all the saints do you mane by this? "The Editor must be a martyr. He is called up to apologize; martyrdom is rapidly becoming a mere phantasy in the eye of the Goliath in his sanctum; he offers a partial and qualified one; the Judge refuses to accept it;" Now Phil what is it you say he offers? what is it you say the Judge refuses to accept? Is it a sanctum or a martyrdom, a phantasy, an eye or a Goliath? or is it an "apologize?" Get to your schoolbooks, Phil, and con your syntax before you write any more letters. 'Tis disgracing the noble name of Junius ye are, which ought to be as the apple of your eye.

Ye've written two letters now, "full," bedad, "of sound and fury signifying nothing," for out of nearly two columns you hav'nt yet refuted a single one of the facts and charges with which I hear the country ringing against the ould gintleman you have so chivalrously taken under your protection. Faith he needed it badly; I say chivalrously, because you always were that way inclined *if* you got a *quid pro quo*. But I ask, is this like Junius? did he write two columns without a fact, did he denounce without reason? was he profane? Oh! Phil I am grieved in my sowl that you should bring the honored name of our ancestor into juxtaposition with such vile commonplaces as "Billingsgate" and "St. Giles," such school-boy sarcasm as you indulge in; when, indeed, you undertake to be sarcastic with profanity, then by the holy Moses you outdo school-boys, men and gentlemen, and nimbly catch, and glibly use, the language of a very different class of beings.

Its well I know Phil that ye always were ardent and lively enough in hunting after other kinds of spirits, but it's newly come to you to be so anxious after the spirit of thruth. Bedad, for a moment I was greatly disposed to receive you back into my favor (my heart is soft and so it is) on that solemn invocation "Och! spirrit of immorrtal thruth, whitherr hast thou fled!" 'Twas ilegant. It almost overcame me; but just thin I thought of the bouncer you had tould about the editor's mangling, &c., and my heart hardened against you to a bit of steel. I'll give my leather breeches to Paddy McTurk, my cook, and the royal big O' shall be buried with me in my grave.

If you raaly want to serve the ould gintleman, the Judge, whose champion and protector you've become—and by my sowl the office becomes you well, Phil—just tell him, and thunder it into his ears—you had a loud voice Phil, I hope you have not impaired it by invoking the spirits—I say thunder it into his ears that there are several debtors in prison here who have been waiting for weeks and months for the liberty and protection which the English laws secure to them, but which is now denied them because he stays away and neglects the duty which his Queen enjoined upon him when she gave him his commission. If you'll tell him this you may do him some good but lave off ranting Phil, you're making a mess of it; defend him with facts—facts are arguments which knock men down now-a-days; the shillelagh argument isn't in vogue—you must make him give you the facts, Phil. You've promised to tell us all about the Cottonwood affair; that's right, advise him to make a clean breast of it. Why he wanted 20 acres to build a house on—the size of the projected house—how big the garden was from which the 29 acres was taken, and tell him the gossips are anxious to know what ailed him at Williams Lake and Cottonwood, of what disase it was he "chanced to be sick;" was it gout or rheumatiz, or did he catch it from the Indians.

PHIL O'JUNIUS.

LANCASHIRE RELIEF FUND.

The following amount has been transmitted by the Central Committee of New Westminster:

New Westminster,	£109 1s. 6d.
Yale,	51 4 0.
Lytton,	30 12 0.
Hope,	10 2 0.
Douglas,	49 5 0.
	£250 4s. 6d.
Draft on London favor the Earl of Derby,	£243 8s. 9d.
Bank charges, printing, &c.,	6 15 9
	£250 4s. 6d.
or	$1250.12c.

TO BUSINESS MEN!—Advertize in the "*British Columbian.*"

New Advertisements.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN PIONEER ASSOCIATION

MEMBERS of this Association whose subscriptions are in arrear, are requested to pay them to the Recording Secretary within two weeks from this date.

By order,
VALENTINE HALL,
Recording Secretary

New Westminster, March 18th 1863. ma21

DOUGLAS PORTAGE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BUILT A LARGE and commodious house,

"THE STANISLAUS HOUSE,"

NEAR THE

24 Mile Post, on the Douglas Portage

AND ABOUT

5 MILES FROM THE LAKE,

Respectfully solicits a share of the Public patronage.

THE TABLE SHALL BE SUPPLIED WITH THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS,

of the best quality, and

Good comfortable Beds, 50 cts each,

ALSO,

GOOD ACCOMODATION FOR STOCK, such as Corrals, good watering places, &c.

W. E. STEIN,
Formerly of the Hot Spring House.

Stanislaus House, March, 1863. ma21 tc

NOTICE.

I THE UNDERSIGNED have this day sold to H. & F. EICKHOFF all my right, title and interest in the Store carried on by them in New Westminster; they are authorized to collect all debts and pay all bills.

THEODORE GRUBE.

Witness, C. L. DICKER.

New Westminster, March 19th, 1863. ma21-1m

NOTICE.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED hereby release THEODORE GRUBE from all liabilities of our firm.

HENRY EICKHOFF & CO.

Witness, C. L. DICKER.

New Westminster, March 19th, 1863. ma21-1m

LOCHLOMOND HOUSE!

AT THE

Seventy-four-mile Post

ON THE

Lillooet-Alexander Road.

THE PROPRIETORS call the attention of travellers to Cariboo to this House, which is just opened for the travelling public, where GOOD MEALS can be had at all hours, with all the delicacies of the season.

THE BAR

will contain CIVILITY, and the best

LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

This is the first house within 15 miles where good water can be obtained, and, being 27 miles above the Junction, affords a comfortable and convenient stopping place.

Packers, Stagers and Teamsters are informed that they will find good stabling and the best of provender, as well as an excellent run for cattle on the grounds. The strictest attention will be paid to the comfort of those who may patronize the Lochlomond House.

McMURPHY & GRANT.

Lochlomond, British Columbia, March, 1863. tc.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between J. T. JEFFREYS & BROTHERS has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

J. T. JEFFREYS.
J. M. JEFFREYS.
OLIVER JEFFREYS.

New Westminster, March 16th, 1862. m18 1m*

Mrs. KIRKWOOD,

DRESS MAKER,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,

Spalding Street, New Westminster, B. C.

☞ The latest **Ladies' Fashions** from **Paris** on hand, an inspection of which is respectfully invited.

ma18 1m

New Advertisements.

J. A. Webster

HAVING JUST ARRIVED WITH A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

WINTER GOODS

AND

CLOTHING,

Would call the attention of the public generally to the same, the Stock being one of the LARGEST ever offered for inspection in New Westminster.

DRY GOODS!

Silks, Poplins, Cashmeres, De Regas, Organdies, Princettas, Mohairs, Repps, Wincеys, Delains,

AND

WORSTED DRESS GOODS!

of EVERY DESCRIPTION, together with a large selection of

HOYLE'S ENGLISH PRINTS

Cashmere, Chenille, Woolen and Tweed Scarfs and Square Shawls; Black and Colored Mantles.

AN ASSORTMENT OF LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' AND CHIHDREN'S

HOSIERY & GLOVES

IN ENDLESS VARIETY AND STYLE.

Damasks, Linens, Hollands, Towelings, Sheetings, Tickings, Shirtings, Flannels, &c., &c.

BALTIC SHIRTS,
WHITE SHIRTS,
REGATTA SHIRTS,
SHIRT COLLARS,
TIES, SCARFS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING!

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

ENGLISH CLOTHING,

OF THE BEST QUALITY AND LATEST STYLES, CONSISTING OF

Tweed Suits, Tweed & Cassimere Sack & Frock Coats,

Beaver Sack and Frock Coats,

Beaver, Whitney and Reversable Over Coats; Tweed, Cassimere & Cloth Pants and Vests, &c., &c.

Boots & Shoes

The Stock of BOOTS AND SHOES will by far exceed anything ever before offered, having been manufactured expressly for this Market, and under the personal supervision of Mr. Cowper, of the firm of WEBSTER & CO., (who has just arrived from England) and consists of

ENGLISH BELMONT AND WATER TIGHT BOOTS,
" BLUCHER AND OXFORD SHOES,
" NAIL NAPOLEON MINING BOOTS,
" RIDING BOOTS,
" CALF, CARPET & MOROCCO SLIPPERS

LADS', MISSES', AND INFANTS' BOOTS & SHOES of every variety, size and description.

LADIES' LAMB-LINED BOOTS, FOR WINTER.
" ELASTIC, SIDE LACE & BALMORAL BOOTS
GENTS' LINED BOOTS, FOR WINTER WEAR.
" FRENCH DRESS CALF SEWED BOOTS.
" " " CALF AND ENAMELLED GAITER BOOTS, &c., &c.

BALMORAL SKIRTS

HOOP SKIRTS, &c., &c.

FLOOR OIL CLOTH

1¼, 2, 2½ YARDS WIDE.

Table Oil Cloth.

A LARGE STOCK OF

Wall Paper, Paper Hangings, Window Curtains, Shades, Fixtures, &c.,

Just Received, together with a host of other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES at

J. A. WEBSTER'S,
Columbia-street.

Rubber Blankets, Rubber Boots, White, Green, Blue and Red Blankets, Overshirts, Pants, and Miners' Outfits complete at

J. A. WEBSTER'S,
Columbia street, New Westminster.

New Westminster, January 20, 1863. ja24

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN

Is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning, and sent by **Express**

To Every part of the Colony,

as well as to

Victoria, Washington Territory, Oregon and California.

Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates, and

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

of every description executed in a PROMPT and WORKMAN-LIKE manner.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 25.

Poetry.

Lines written by a young lady upon the event of a friend leaving his native land for British Columbia.

I go, I go, farewell to all,
M[illegible] ends, my home adieu!
Ambition's fires illume my soul
And make my course anew,
Bright glory beckons me away
To yonder golden clime,
Wealth wreaths her laurels for my brow—
I bow before her shrine.

O mother, dear, don't weep for me!
Again I will return:
My father, be her staff and stay;
Nor for thy absent mourn.
For, brothers, sisters, soon again
Our circle shall be whole,
Once more I'll fill the vacant chair—
We part, but not in soul.

For still, where ere I rest or roam,
No other place I'll find
So dear to me as this loved home,
No friends so true and kind.
Then dry those tears, let hope renewed
Inspire your every thought;
The victory I will yet achieve,
The battle shall be fought.

I'll home return with treasured wealth,
For which life's storms I'll brave:
See yonder gleams the snowy sail—
Our bark is on the wave.
Adieu once more to each and all
Of those I love so well—
My cherished home, my native land—
Farewell! Farewell!! Farewell!!!

THE ADDITIONAL HALF CENT.

MR. EDITOR,—I have just seen His Excellency's proclamation with reference to the impost of an additional half-cent per lb. on all goods leaving this place for the upper country. Governor Douglas has surely forgotten—probably he does not know—certainly the magistrates and other officials have not taken the pains to enquire—whether this tax is or is not calculated to militate against, and probably effect the ruin of, more than one man who owns wagons and mules, but who has not sufficient cash capital to pay this tax, a tax the injustice of which sinks all other taxes in any other colony into utter insignificance. It is only equalled by "The Begbie Mule Tax of 1860." Only fancy a man doing business here on his own account, and forwarding freight for others, having four wagons capable of carrying 28,000 lbs. of freight, and the Government demanding $280 as road tolls every time his wagons leave town! And, as a clincher to the above, the local magistrate informs me that he has received imperative instructions not to give any accommodation—not to take promisory notes, "but simply if the merchant can't pay, stop the wagons. If they attempt to pass the road toll house without paying, seize them."

I leave the public to determine whether this is statescraft, kingcraft or witchcraft. There have been proclamations made in this colony which ought never to have been made, but having assumed the shape of 'Institutions,' ought not to be rudely torn down. It is sometimes prudent and wise to be content with the mitigation of an abuse which, if viewed closely, we might feel impatient to destroy; but in this colony the evils complained of, instead of being lessened, have been augmented. This tax is worthy the narrow minds from whence it came—minds that have been for the last five years wading knee deep enacting blundering, abortive laws, miscalled legislation. It has sometimes appeared to me that the qualifications of these men for office are on a par with those of Marriott's Barber Superlative: very ignorant, very impudent, very stupid and very incompetent to govern a young colony like British Columbia.

Yours,

ONE WHO FEELS THE PRESSURE.

Douglas, B. C., March 18th, 1863.

JUDICIAL CHICKAMEN.—The str. Flying Dutchman arrived on Sunday bringing 60 passengers, amongst whom was ex-Gold Commissioner Elwyn who, "Dame Rumor" saith, has in charge $8,000, being the winter's proceeds of Judge Begbie's interest in the Barker claim. We would advise Mr. Begbie to follow Mr. Elwyn's example and become an "honest miner."

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS:—For the month of February, $8,024 75; for the week ending 7th March, $5,871 50; for the week ending 14th March, $7,903 35; for the week ending 21st March, $7,904 72. Total, $29,704 32. Number of passengers entering the Colony at this port during the three weeks ending 21st March: 172, 145 and 167. Total, 484.

R. HANNAH

BEGS leave to call the attention of the inhabitants of New Westminster and the Public generally to his new and well selected stock of

Groceries
AND
PROVISIONS,

Lamps, Coal Oil, Fruits, &c.,

all of which he offers

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Columbia street, next door to S. T. Tilley's Book Store.

New Westminster, Nov. 25th, 1862. tf.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

New Advertisements.

CUNNINGHAM & ASHWELL,
IMPORTERS AND GENERAL DEALERS
—IN—
Furniture, Bedding, Hardware, Stoves, Tinware and
GENERAL FURNISHING GOODS;
—ALSO—
Coal Oil and Coal Oil Lamps.
Furniture Showrooms Up-stairs.
Orders from the Interior promptly executed.
Columbia Street, New Westminster, January 9th, 1863. ja10

HARDIE'S HOTEL.

New Westminster, B. C.

H. V. EDMONDS, PROPRIETOR.

THIS HOUSE offers accommodation equal to any in the Colony, at extremely moderate prices.

ALES, WINES, SPIRITS AND CIGARS of the best brands Constantly on hand.

Square Meals,	- - -	**50 cents,**
Beds,	- - - - -	**50 "**
Board per week,	- - - -	**6 dollars,**
Board and lodging per week,		**8 "**

☞ MATRESSES provided FREE.

January 30th, 1863. ja31 tc

SELLING OFF
—AT—
VICTORIA COST PRICES
C. NELSON,
CORNER LIVERPOOL WHARF, NEW WESTMINSTER,
British Columbia,

Having occasion to retire from business for a short period, has determined to sell off his present stock of

Dry Goods
AND
CLOTHING,
Boots & Shoes,
Hats & Caps,
Groceries
AND
Provisions,
Hardware,
&c., &c.,

at Victoria Cost Prices, for Cash. Those who desire great bargains would do well to give his stock an early inspection.

☞ All outstanding accounts must be settled immediately.

New Westminster, Feb. 24th, 1863. fe25 2m

MILK.

THE SUBSCRIBER would inform his customers, and the public, that he will continue regularly to supply the city during the summer season with new milk of the best quality.

S. W. HERRING.

Herring's Ranche, 2nd July, 1862. jy5 tf

New Advertisements.

COLONIAL HOTEL,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Messrs. Grelley Brothers

Have added to their comfortable

Hotel and Restaurant,

A SPLENDID

Billiard Saloon,

In which will always be found the best

DRINKS AND CIGARS.

In connection with the above they have opened a Store stocked with the choicest Brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,
ALES, PORTER,
BRANDIES, RUM,
CIDER, SYRUPS,
CORDIALS, BITTERS, &c.,

which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, or in case.

—ALSO—

THE BEST BRANDS OF

CIGARS,

Havanna, Manilla and Cheroots.

New Westminster, July 18, 1862. jy19

R. P. MEAD,
Sign, Fancy and
ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Transparancies, Shades and Screens

PAINTED TO ORDER AND WITH DISPATCH.

☞ Up-country orders solicited.

Office, on Columbia Street.

New Westminster. December 8th, 1862. d10 tc

SMITH & MURRAY

BEG LEAVE to call the attention of their friends and the public to the

CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK
—OF—
FAMILY GROCERIES

which they have just opened, and which they are prepared to sell at the

Lowest Possible Prices,
FOR CASH.

SMITH & MURRAY,
Columbia Street, New Westminster.

OTTAWA MARKET.
SIGN OF THE OX.

MESSRS. FLOOK AND BROWNLEE beg to announce to the inhabitants of New Westminster that they have opened a

NEW MEAT SHOP

next door to Mr. W. J. Armstrong's General Store, Columbia Street, and are prepared to supply every article in the

Meat and Vegetable

trade: and will endeavor by attention, promptitude and perseverance, to merit public confidence and patronage.

New Westminster, B. C., November 25th, 1862.

BONDED WAREHOUSE.

HENRY HOLBROOK,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
LIVERPOOL WHARF,
NEW WESTMINSTER.

BONDED AND FREE STORAGE for 600 tons Goods Every accommodation given to Goods landed on the Liverpool Wharf, for shipment up river.

A large assortment of Goods for sale at Victoria prices, with the duty added.

LOUIS HAUTIER'S
XOTEL.
—AND—
BILLIARD SALOON,
Lytton City, B. C.

THIS House is furnished in the best style, and a stock of excellent LIQUORS and CIGARS kept constantly on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the colony. The charges are moderate.

☞ Good Stabling, and Horses constantly on sale at low prices.

Lytton City, November 10, 1862. no12

LUMBER.

CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster Lumber Yard a large assortment of

Rough and Dressed Lumber,

—ALSO—

DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.

Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.

J. A. R. HOMER.

New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861

New Advertisements.

Columbia Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED, wishing to return thanks to his Friends and the Public generally, for their patronage during the past year, takes this opportunity to inform them that he intends to re-open his Bar on THURSDAY, the 4th inst., where will be always found

The Best Liquors, Ales, Wines and Cigars.

H. BURR.

New Westminster, 2nd December, 1862. d3 tc

BONDED WAREHOUSE.

500 Tons Storage.

THE NEW FIRE-PROOF BRICK WAREHOUSE, in Lytton Square, New Westminster, has been declared by the Government to be a Bonded Warehouse on and after this date.

Merchants and Shippers to British Columbia, who wish to store merchandise in bond or duty free, are notified that 500 tons can be stored in the New Brick Warehouse.

HARRIS & CO.

New Westminster, October 28, 1861. n7 6m.

PIONEER SALOON.

Mr. J. T. SCOTT

HAS THE PLEASURE of informing his old friends, and the travelling public generally, that he is still to be found at the north-east corner of Lytton-square, where the thirsty are invited to call and try a sample

—OF HIS—

Wines, Ales and Liquors,

which he flatters himself are as good as can be produced in the Colony. In connection with the Saloon he has just opened a splendid

Billiard Hall,

which is furnished with three first-class Billiard Tables, with marble beds and Phelan's composition cushions; and being well lighted and ventilated, possesses all the facilities for enjoying a quiet game at Billiards. jul1

M. J. BLACKMAN,

MANUFACTURER OF

Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron,

AND DEALER IN

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Crockery, and Glassware.

JOBBING done in a neat manner, and with dispatch.

LEADERS and GUTTERS made on short notice, and at reasonable prices.

New Westminster, April 28, 1862. ap30 tf

BOSTON BAR
HOTEL,
BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE Subscribers flatter themselves that they will give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage. A stock of the choicest

Liquors and Cigars

constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Pies, etc. Prices very low.

JOLICŒUR & CO.

Boston Bar, B. C., June 25, 1861. je27

MACDONALD'S
UNION HOTEL.

THE PROPRIETOR has just enlarged and finished in good style the above House, and hopes by strict attention to business, and the comfort of guests, to merit a share of the travelling community.

Private Rooms

fitted up with all the

LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

Douglas, B. C., August 12th, 1862 tc

JUST RECEIVED.
AT THE
GOVERNMENT BAKERY,
AND
FAMILY GROCERY.

1000 Sacks Golden Gate Flour.
400 " Crescent City "
400 " Pioneer "
600 " National "
50 " Pacific "
50 kegs Golden Syrup. (superior.)
50 boxes Candles.
25 cases Lard.
10,000 lbs. Oregon and Eastern Bacon,

with a very large general assortment of Fresh Groceries on sale at

Unprecedently Low Prices.

Wholesale or Retail by

PHILIP HICK.

New Westminster, October 7th, 1862. tc.

E. STEVENSON, M. D.,
Licentiate Canada,

HAVING arrived *via* Overland Route, begs to acquaint the Inhabitants of New Westminster that he has established himself for practice in their City. Office, in the building lately occupied by Barnard's Express.

New Westminster, Oct. 29, 1862. no1

Coal Oil and Camphene,

AND AN ASSORTMENT OF

COAL OIL LAMPS!

FOR SALE BY

d20 M. J. BLACKMAN.

New Advertisements.

EASE AND HEALTH TO THE SICK

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

Universal approbation has been awarded to this famous Ointment for its efficiency in removing diseases of the skin. For scrofula, scurvy, scald heads, and all eruptions of the skin, both in infancy and maturer years, no remedy can be applied which so quickly cures as Holloway's Ointment. In the nursery it should always be at hand to ease the many skin affections to which the majority of children are liable. In all heat and tooth rashes, the Ointment is wonderfully cooling and curative. To soldiers, sailors, miners, and travellers in foreign lands, it is invaluable.

SORES, WOUNDS, BAD BREASTS, BAD LEGS.

In this class of maladies, an improvement in the appearance of the disease of the patient, follows the first dressing with the Ointment.

It must not only be smeared on the wound, or sore, but be briskly rubbed for some inches round about the diseased swollen or painful parts. It will penetrate to the blood vessels, nerves, and muscles, and even to the bone, and will exercise the most wholesome, healing, and purifying power over every tissue requisite for thorough reparation. The effect of the Ointment is increased by fomenting with warm water before the Ointment is rubbed in; but sores, when healing, should never be cleansed with sponge or anything else, as the young and new flesh which appears like a cream, would be washed away.

BLOOD TO THE HEAD, APOPLEXY.

Nothing gives so much ease in these complaints from which so many suffer, as Holloway's cooling and healing Ointment. When rubbed upon the spine it acts most energetically in drawing surplus blood from the brain; even to children in teething; this Ointment has a miraculous effect in preventing fits and convulsions so often attendant on tooth-cutting. The Pills should be used according to the directions.

RHEUMATISM, GOUT, STIFF JOINTS.

Every one suffering from these painful affections should use this purifying Ointment, as it has rescued thousands from a life of torture, after every other means had been tried in vain. The Ointment should be well rubbed into the skin at least twice a day, after it has been properly fomented with warm salt water, and dried. The inflammation soon yields, and the patient no longer helpless, resumes his accustomed occupation.

GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BRONCHITIS, MUMPS, SORE THROAT, AND DIPTHERIA.

To combat these diseases with success, a remedy is required which will have the whole absorbent system under its control. Such a remedy is Holloway's Ointment, when rubbed on the skin; it penetrates to the glands, and removes any obstruction or impurity which may be impeding their healthy action. This Ointment acts on the very mainspring of life, for through the glands pass all new matter required for the body's reparation; in all the above class of cases, the Ointment and Pills used conjointly will act so searchingly, and certainly, as to effect cures in the most deplorable cases.

FISTULAS AND PILES.

All inflammations and ulcerations of sensitive parts may be presently relieved, and ultimately cured, by the diligent use of this cooling and healing Ointment, aided twice daily by bathing the parts in cold water. Immediate ease springs from this treatment; perseverance is necessary to effect a permanent cure.

ASTHMA, SHORTNESS OF BREATH.

In these complaints the Ointment should be well rubbed twice a day upon the chest, and between the shoulders; it will penetrate to the lungs, stimulate them to renewed exertions, prevent stagnation of blood, moderate the pulsations of the heart, regulate the current of air through the bronchial tubes, and thus effect a permanent cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs.	Chapped Hands,	Scalds.
Bad Breasts.	Contracted and Stiff Joints.	Sore Nipples.
Burns.	Elephantiasis.	Sore-throats.
Bunions.	Fistulas.	Skin-diseases.
Bite of Mosquitoes and Sand-Flies.	Gout.	Scurvy.
Coco-bay.	Glandular Swellings.	Sore-heads.
Chiego-foot.	Lumbago.	Tumors
Corns (soft).	Piles.	Ulcers.
Cancers,	Rheumatism.	Wounds.
Chilblains,		Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilised world, at the following prices:—1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Pot.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

CURTIS & MOORE, and LANGLEY BRO'S., Agents, Yates-street, Victoria, V. I. m6 1y

British Columbia
STAGE COMPANY.
(LIMITED.)

THE COMPANY'S STAGES, carrying Passengers and Express Freight, run regularly between

Douglas and Lillooet,

Leaving each Town every morning.

FINE GOODS are conveyed, with dispatch, over the route in Light Four-Horse Waggons.

For further information, apply to

STEWART, MELDRUM & CO., Victoria,
HENRY HOLBROOK, New Westminster,

and at the Company's Offices in Douglas and Lillooet se6 1m

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having purchased of William H. Woodcock the Stock and Store at New Westminster, wishes to inform the Public that he will keep on hand for sale an assortment of

Wines, Brandies, Spirits, &c.,

and will furnish them at VICTORIA PRICES and CHARGES.

d20 tc L. HOYT.

W. GRIEVE,
Tailor and Clothier,
Two Doors East of the Colonial Hotel, Columbia Street.

ALL ORDERS entrusted to his care promptly attended to, and work finished in the latest style. d3

FRESH VEGETABLES.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now prepared to supply the City with Fresh Vegetables of all sorts, in season, at the most moderate rates.

S. W. HERRING.

Herring's Ranch, July 4th, 1862.

Printed and published every Wednesday and Saturday, by John Ronson, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster, in the Colony of British Columbia.